# Universal Intelligent 2-wire DIN Rail Transmitters

IPAQ-L is a universal and intelligent 2-wire DIN rail transmitter for temperature and other measurement applications.

IPAQ-LX is the Intrinsic Safe version for use in Ex-applications.

The combination of *competitive pricing, functionality and simple configuration* has made IPAQ-L and IPAQ-LX leading DIN rail transmitters for industrial temperature measurements.

The Windows based and user friendly software, IPRO 4, is used for transmitter configuration, documentation, monitoring and calibration purposes.
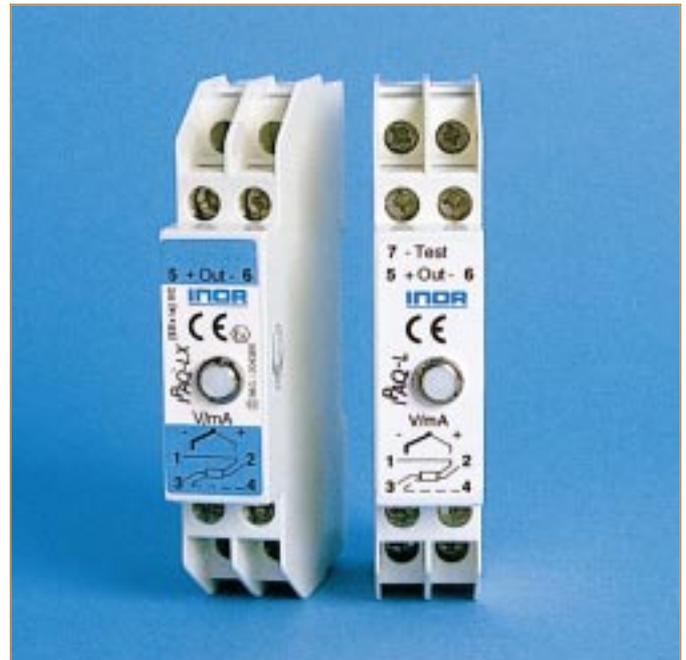
Performance and design:

Excellent stability
- *Long-term stability 0.1 %/year.*

Enhanced total system accuracy
- *Sensor error correction (for known sensor errors).*
- *System error correction (against known temperatures).*

NAMUR-compliant
- *Output limitations and fail currents according to NAMUR recommendations*

Input-Output isolation 1500 VAC
- *Eliminates measuring errors due to ground loops.*

High load capacity
- *Only 7.5 V voltage drop over the transmitter (IPAQ-L) allows for high loads.*

Designed for harsh conditions
- *Excellent EMC performance.*
- *Durable due to protected PCBs.*

Space saving and simple mounting
- *Only 17.5 mm / 0.7 inch wide.*
- *Quick mounting on DIN rail.*

5 year limited warranty.

Functions:

Input for RTDs, T/Cs, mV and resistance
- *Reduced inventory costs.*
- *Simplified plant engineering.*

Input for mA (separate version of IPAQ-L)
- *Active 2-wire isolator / load amplifier.*
- *Only 10 Ω input impedance.*

True on-line communication
- *Full access to all features while in operation.*

Sensor diagnostics
- *Selectable sensor break action.*

Simplified loop check-up
- *The transmitter works as an accurate current generator.*

On-screen indications and line recording
- *Valuable tools for temporary measurements.*

Main features of IPAQ-L and IPAQ-LX

Accuracy and stability

IPAQ-L/IPAQ-LX are designed for applications with standard industrial demands on accuracy. To reach these demands, the following factors are essential:

Linearity and calibration errors -The use of quality components and precision calibration equipment reduce these errors, e.g. ±0.1 % of span for RTD inputs.

High long-term stability -Internal "self calibration", by means of continuous adjustment of important parameters after comparison with accurate built-in references, contributes to a stability of ±0.1 %/year.

Measurements with RTDs and other resistances

IPAQ-L/IPAQ-LX accept inputs from standardized Platinum and Nickel RTDs like Pt10…Pt1000 acc. to IEC 751 (α=0.00385), Pt100 acc. to JIS 1604 (α=0.003916) and Ni100/Ni1000 acc. to DIN 43760, as well as inputs from plain resistance sensors such as potentiometers. 3- or 4-wire connection can be chosen.
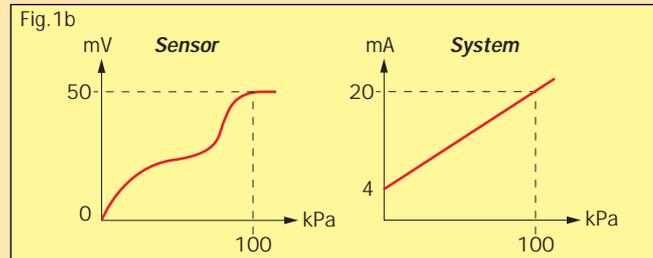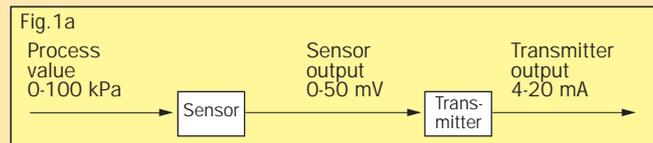
Measurements with thermocouples, voltage and current

IPAQ-L/IPAQ-LX accept inputs from 11 types of standardized thermocouples as well as plain mV input. A separate version of IPAQ-L is available for current input.

For T/C input, the CJC (cold junction compensation) is fully automatic, by means of an accurate measurement of the terminal temperature. Alternatively, the CJC can be disabled.

Customized linearization and Engineering units

The *Customized linearization* can be used to create a linearization curve for RTD, T/C, resistance, mV and mA inputs. By combining *Customized linearization* with the use of *Engineering units*, the transmitters can be programmed to give a linear output corresponding to a specific measuring range expressed in the primary process value. The sensor characteristics are described by a maximum of 9 data pairs. *Fig. 1a and 1b.*
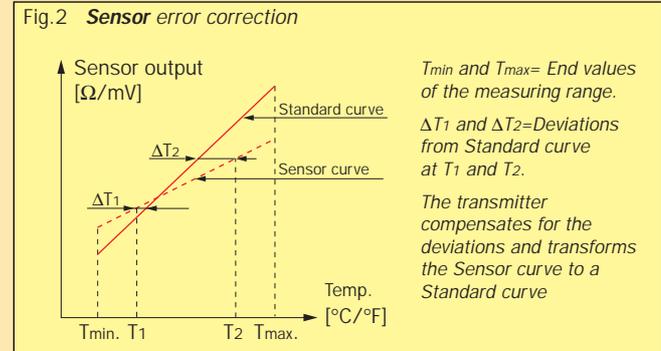

Fig.1a
Process value 0-100 kPa → Sensor → Sensor output 0-50 mV → Transmitter → Transmitter output 4-20 mA

Fig.1b

Exemple of a system (sensor + transmitter) with an output linear to the process value, in spite of a non-linear sensor.
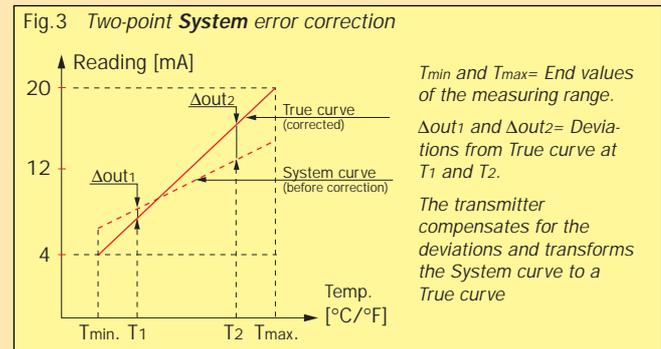
Sensor or System error correction

IPAQ-L/IPAQ-LX offer two ways of improving the measurement with temperature sensors:

Sensor error correction - Known sensor errors compared to the standard curve, e.g. for a calibrated sensor, are entered, and the transmitter automatically corrects for the sensor errors. *Fig. 2.*

Fig.2 *Sensor* error correction

T_{min} and T_{max}= End values of the measuring range.

ΔT_1 and ΔT_2=Deviations from Standard curve at T_1 and T_2.

The transmitter compensates for the deviations and transforms the Sensor curve to a Standard curve

System error correction -This method is used to correct the system error (sensor + transmitter error) by exposing the sensor to one (one-point correction) or two (two-point correction) accurately measured temperatures (true temperatures).The true temperature(s) are entered, and the transmitter automatically corrects for the system errors. *Fig. 3.*

Fig.3 *Two-point* **System** *error correction*

T_{min} and T_{max}= End values of the measuring range.

Δout_1 and Δout_2= Deviations from True curve at T_1 and T_2.

The transmitter compensates for the deviations and transforms the System curve to a True curve

Sensor break monitoring

IPAQ-L/IPAQ-LX monitor sensor break and force the output signal to a user defined level, when *any* sensor lead is broken or disconnected. The sensor break monitoring can be switched off. The monitoring is furnished with a *pulsed excitation current*. This eliminates the voltage drop in the lead wires (giving a measuring error), caused by a standard DC excitation current.

Controlled output for instrument calibration

IPAQ-L/IPAQ-LX can be set to automatically provide a recurring output current regardless of the input signal. The total time for the controlled output is adjustable up to 30 minutes.

Dampening

The dampening function can be used to dampen unde-sired instabilities on the input signal. The dampening time is approximately 2 seconds. The dampening time is the time required, in addition to the update time, for the output to reach 90% of its final value after a step change has been applied to the input.

Power supply

IPAQ-L/IPAQ-LX are loop-powered and will work on voltages down to 7.5 VDC (8.0 VDC for IPAQ-LX), thus giving good margins for high loads in the current loop. Reversed polarity will not damage the transmitter. *Fig. 4*

Mounting

IPAQ-L/IPAQ-LX are designed to fit on a standard 35 mm rail according to DIN EN 50022.

Warranty

IPAQ-L/IPAQ-LX are covered by a 5 year limited war-ranty.

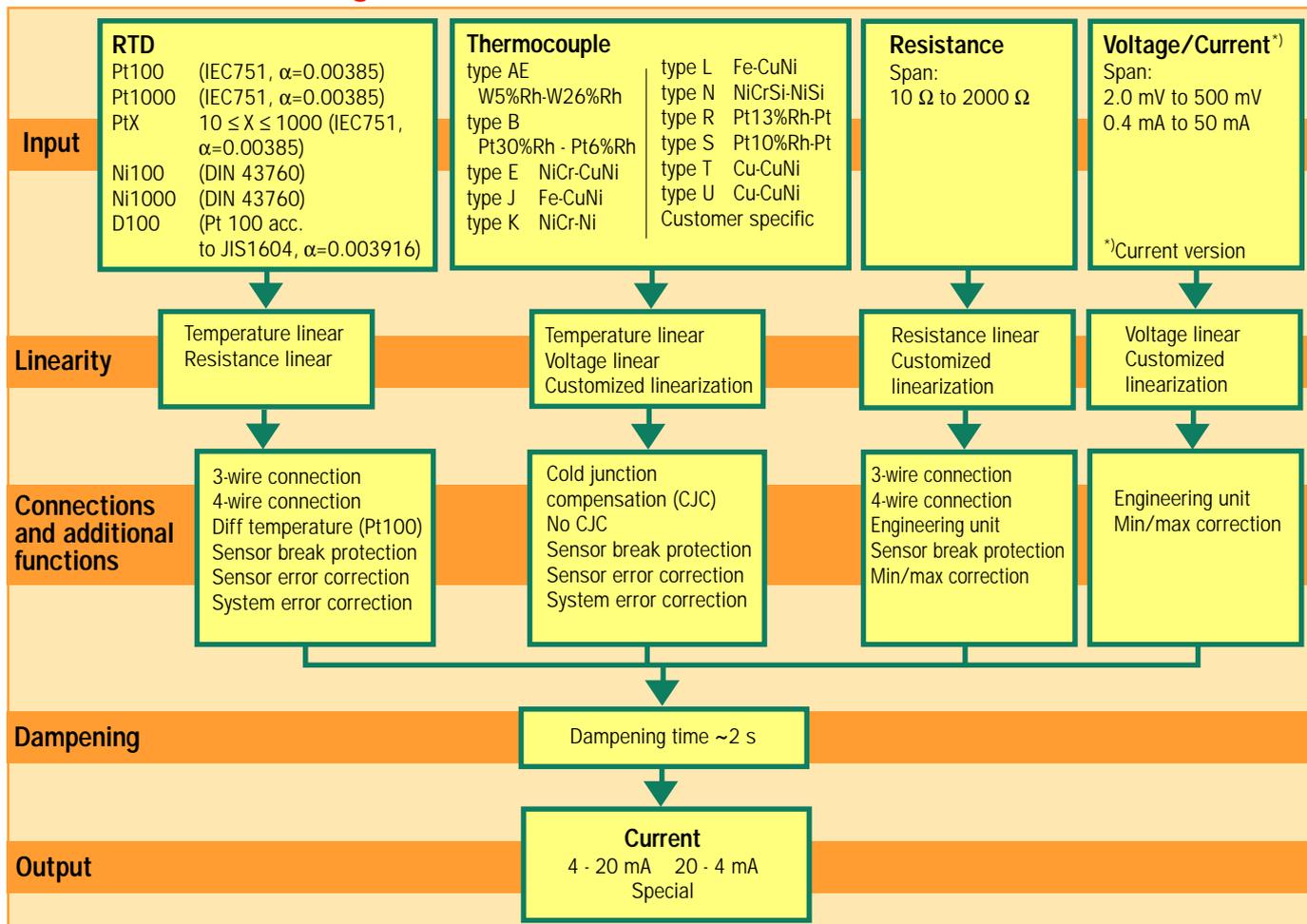### IPRO 4 - The user friendly software for all transmitters of the IPAQ family

IPRO 4, which is used with all IPAQ-transmitters, is the tool to utilize all the versatile functions of the IPAQ-L/IPAQ-LX such as:

- Measurement configuration: Sensor type, range, sensor or system error correction, linearization, engineering units, output settings, filter activation, etc.

- Monitoring of sensor status: Sensor break detection.

- On-screen real time presentation of measured values and output signal in the form of numericals, meters, bar graphs and line recorder.

- Transmitter calibration: Field calibration in one or two points and basic calibration.

- Documentation: Configuration files can be saved for fu-ture use and configuration protocols can easily be printed.

The communication with the transmitter can be performed on line, i.e. with transmitter in operation. An isolated and Ex-approved communication cable is included in the soft-ware kit, IPRO-X.

IPRO 4 is compatible with Windows 3.1, Windows 3.11, Windows 95 and Windows NT Workstation 4.0. The pro-gram is menu-driven and easy to learn. On-line help is an effective tool for the user.

IPAQ-L/IPAQ-LX Configuration scheme

	RTD	Thermocouple		Resistance	Voltage/Current[*)]
Input	Pt100 (IEC751, α=0.00385) Pt1000 (IEC751, α=0.00385) PtX 10 ≤ X ≤ 1000 (IEC751, α=0.00385) Ni100 (DIN 43760) Ni1000 (DIN 43760) D100 (Pt 100 acc. to JIS1604, α=0.003916)	type AE W5%Rh-W26%Rh type B Pt30%Rh - Pt6%Rh type E NiCr-CuNi type J Fe-CuNi type K NiCr-Ni	type L Fe-CuNi type N NiCrSi-NiSi type R Pt13%Rh-Pt type S Pt10%Rh-Pt type T Cu-CuNi type U Cu-CuNi Customer specific	Span: 10 Ω to 2000 Ω	Span: 2.0 mV to 500 mV 0.4 mA to 50 mA [*)]Current version
Linearity	Temperature linear Resistance linear	Temperature linear Voltage linear Customized linearization		Resistance linear Customized linearization	Voltage linear Customized linearization
Connections and additional functions	3-wire connection 4-wire connection Diff temperature (Pt100) Sensor break protection Sensor error correction System error correction	Cold junction compensation (CJC) No CJC Sensor break protection Sensor error correction System error correction		3-wire connection 4-wire connection Engineering unit Sensor break protection Min/max correction	Engineering unit Min/max correction
Dampening		Dampening time ~2 s			
Output		**Current** 4 - 20 mA 20 - 4 mA Special			

Specifications

Input

RTD's and Resistance

Pt100 (IEC751, α = 0.00385)	3-, 4-wire connection	-200 to +1000 °C / -328 to +1832 °F
Pt1000 (IEC751, α = 0.00385)	3-, 4-wire connection	-200 to +200 °C/ -328 to +392 °F
PtX 10 ≤ X ≤ 1000 (IEC751, α = 0.00385)	3-, 4-wire connection	Upper range depending on X-value
Ni100 (DIN 43760)	3-, 4-wire connection	-60 to +250 °C / -76 to +482 °F
Ni1000 (DIN 43760)	3-, 4-wire connection	-60 to +150 °C / -76 to +302 °F
D100 (Pt 100 acc.to JIS1604, α = 0.003916)	3-, 4-wire connection	-200 to +1000 °C / -328 to +1832 °F
Potentiometer/resistance	3-, 4-wire connection	0 to 2000 Ω
Sensor current		~ 0.4 mA
Maximum sensor wire resistance		25 Ω/wire

Thermocouples, Voltage and Current

T/C	Type: AE, B, E, J, K, L, N, R, S, T, U	Ranges according to users manual
Voltage		-10 to +500 mV
Current	IPAQ-L [1]	-1 to +50 mA
Input impedance	T/C, Voltage	>10 MΩ
	Current	10 Ω
Maximum sensor wire resistance	T/C, Voltage	500 Ω (total loop)

Monitoring

Sensor break monitoring	User definable output	3.5 to 21.6 mA

Adjustments

Zero adjustment	All inputs	Any value within range limits
Minimum spans	Pt100, Pt1000, Ni100, Ni1000	10 °C / 18 °F
	Potentiometer	10 Ω
	T/C, Voltage	2 mV
	Current	0.4 mA

Output

Straight,reversed or any intermediate value		4-20/20-4 mA
Resolution		5 µA
Minimum output signal	Measurement/Failure	3.8 mA / 3.5 mA
Maximum output signal	Measurement/Failure	20.5 mA / 21.6 mA
Permissible load, *see fig.4*	IPAQ-L	750 Ω @ 24 VDC, 22 mA
	IPAQ-LX	725 Ω @ 24 VDC, 22 mA

Temperature

Ambient, storage		-20 to +70 °C / -4 to +158 °F
Ambient, operation		-20 to +70 °C / -4 to +158 °F

General data

Selectable dampening time		~ 2 s
Update time		~ 1.5 s
Isolation In - Out	Isolated versions	1500 VAC, 1 min
Humidity (non-condensing)		0 to 95 % RH
Intrinsic safety	IPAQ-LX, ATEX	II (1) G [EEx ia] IIC
	FM	I.S.Connections to Class I-III, Div. 1, Group A-G

Power supply, polarity protected

Supply voltage	IPAQ-L	7.5 to 36 VDC 2-wire
	IPAQ-LX	8.0 to 30 VDC 2-wire
Permissible ripple		4 V p-p @ 50/60 Hz

[1] Separate version of IPAQ-L, only for current input.

Accuracy

Linearity	RTD Potentiometer, mV, mA	±0.1 % [1]
	T/C	±0.2 % [1]
Calibration	RTD	Max. of ±0.2 °C / ±0.4 °F or ±0.1 % [1]
	Potentiometer	Max. of ±0.1 Ω or ±0.1 % [1]
	mV, T/C	Max. of ±20 µV or ±0.1 % [1]
	mA (IPAQ-L) [4]	Max. of ±4 µA or ±0.1 % [1]
Cold Junction Compensation (CJC)	T/C	±0.5 °C/±0.9 °F
Temperature influence [5]	All inputs	Max. of ±0.25 °C/25 °C or ±0.25%/25 °C [1] [3]
		Max. of ±0.5 °F/50 °F or ±0.28%/50 °F [1] [3]
Temperature influence CJC [5]	T/C	±0.5 °C/25 °C / ±1.0 °F/50 °F
Instrument calibration output	4-20 mA	±8 µA
Sensor wire resistance influence	RTD, Potentiometer, 3-wire	Negligible [2]
	RTD, Potentiometer, 4-wire	Negligible
	mV, T/C, mA	Negligible
Load influence		Negligible
Power supply influence		Negligible
RFI influence, 0.15-1000 MHz, 10 V or V/m		±0.2 % [1] (typical)
Long-term stability		±0.1 % [1] /year

Housing

Material / Flammability (UL)		PC + Glass fibre/V0
Mounting		Rail acc. to DIN EN 50022, 35 mm
Connection	Single/stranded wires	≤1.5 mm², AWG 16
Weight		70 g
Protection, housing / terminals		IP 20 / IP20

[1] Of input span
[2] With equal wire resistance
[3] If zero-deflection > 100% of input span:
add 0.125% of input span/25 °C or 0.14%
of input span/50 °F per 100% zero-deflection
[4] Separate version of IPAQ-L, only for current input
[5] Reference temperature 23 °C/73°F

The User Instructions must be read prior to adjustment and/or installation.

Intrinsic Safety specifications

Specifications	IPAQ-LX, isolated	IPAQ-LX, isolated
Approval	Demko / ATEX	Factory Mutual (FM)
Classification	II (1) G [EEx ia] IIC	IS connections to Class I-III, Div. 1, Group A-G
Certificate No.	DEMKO 03 ATEX 134461X	J.I. 0D6A8.AX, Drw. 3-7852
Output/Supply		
Max voltage to transmitter	Ui = 30 Vdc	Vmax = 30 Vdc
Max current to transmitter	Ii = 100 mA	Imax = 100 mA
Max power to transmitter	Pi = 0.9 W	Pmax = 900 mW
Internal inductance	Li = 0 mH	Not applicable
Internal capacitance	Ci = 1 nF	Not applicable
Input (Sensor)		
Max voltage from transmitter	Uo = 30 Vdc	Voc = 30 Vdc
Max current from transmitter	Io = 27 mA	Isc = 25 mA
Max power from transmitter	Not specified	Not specified
Max inductance (input loop)	Lo = 50 mH	La = 56.8 mH
Max capacitance (input loop)	Co = 52 nF	Ca = 0.12 µF

→ INPUTS

RTD

Pt100, Pt1000, Ni100, Ni1000, PtX, D100

4-wire connection

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

3-wire connection

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
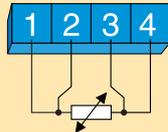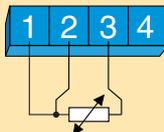
Pt100
Diff temperature $T_1 > T_2$

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

T_2 T_1
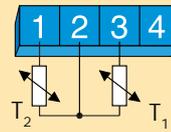
Potentiometer

4-wire connection

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

3-wire connection

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
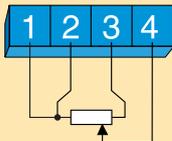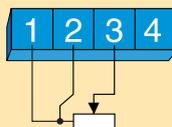
Voltage/Current *)

mV/mA *)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

- +
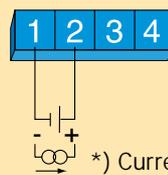
*) Current version

Thermocouple

AE,B,E,J,K,L,N,R,S,T,U
or customer specific

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

- +

→ OUTPUT

4-20 mA Output

| 5 | 6 |

Power Supply
+ -
R_{Load}

Connections

Power Supply
+ -

*) Test (mA)
- +

| 7 | 8 |
| 5 | 6 |

R_{Load}
I_{Out}

7 - Test
5+ Out - 6

INOR
CE
IPAQ-L
V/mA

| 1 | 2 |
| 3 | 4 |

PC Connection

Input

*) Only IPAQ-L

Dimensions

17.5/0.69

58/2.28

35/1.38

45/1.77

90/3.54
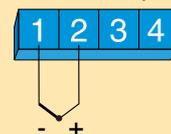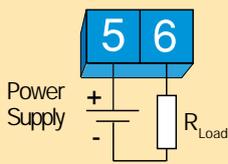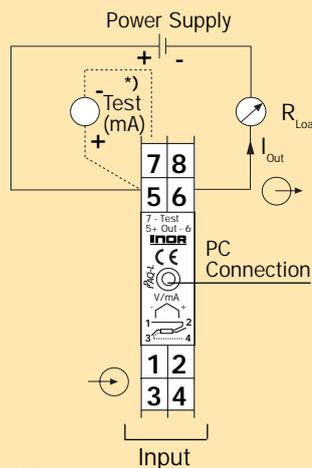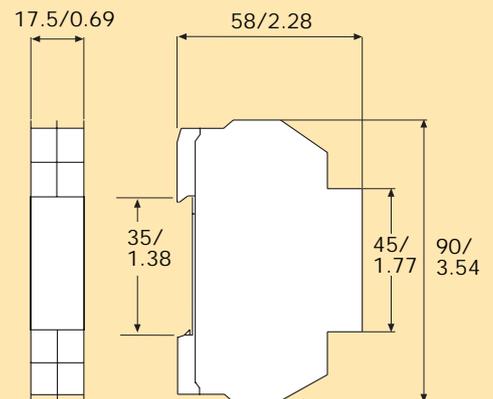
mm / inches

Output load diagram

Fig.4

Permissible R_{Load} at 22 mA output
R_{Load} (Ω)

IPAQ-L

IPAQ-LX

Supply voltage U (VDC)
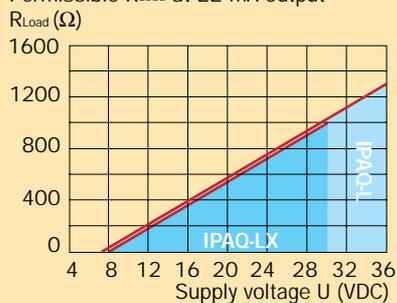
$R_{Load} = (U-7.5)/0.022$ (IPAQ-L)
$R_{Load} = (U-8.0)/0.022$ (IPAQ-LX)

Ordering table

Item	Part No.
Transmitter	
IPAQ-L, isolated	70IPL00001
~~IPAQ-L, non-isolated~~	~~70IPL00002~~
IPAQ-L, current, isolated	70IPL00003
~~IPAQ-L, current, non-isolated~~	~~70IPL00004~~
IPAQ-LX, isolated (ATEX)	70IPLX0001
IPAQ-LX, isolated (FM)	70IPLX1001
Options	
Configuration	70CAL00001
Configuration with 5-point calibration certificate	70CAL00051
Software and cable	
PC Configuration kit	70CFG00092
~~Software IPRO upgrade~~	~~70IPRS0001~~

INOR